

NEVER LEAVE 'TILL  
To-morrow that which  
you can do to-day.  
Read the Tee-Dee  
Want Ads. to-day.

# The Times Dispatch

PEOPLE IN WANT  
Can make those wants  
best known by using  
Tee-Dee Want Ads.

DISPATCH FOUNDED 1858  
THIS TIMES FOUNDED 1888

WHOLE NUMBER 16,872.

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## WILL FIX DATE OF THE PRIMARY

State Committee Takes  
Up Norfolk County  
Case.

## NORFOLK COUNTY CONTEST TO BE UP

Fusion Faction to Come As Sup-  
plants, and "Straightouts Are  
Now the Regulars—Primary  
Will Be An Early One;  
August 10th or 12th Be-  
ing Likely Dates.

Two most interesting features of the  
State Central Democratic Committee,  
which will convene at Murphy's Hotel to-  
night will be the fixing of the date for the  
State primary and the action on the  
question of a primary in Norfolk county  
under the supervision of the State Central  
Committee.

The first question will be settled by  
the selection of either the 10th or 12th of  
August as the date for the primary. The  
12th is Saturday, and appears to be the  
favorite date with the rural population  
but if any valid objection is urged to it,  
the committee will almost certainly adopt  
the 10th, which is Thursday. It is de-  
sired to have the primary on a date that  
will not conflict with either the school or  
home shows, then in progress and on a  
day that will be fairly acceptable to both  
city and country people. One objection  
urged to Saturday is that many persons  
in the city leave town Saturdays to spend  
the day with their families at rural  
mountain or seashore resorts. Either  
Thursday or Saturday will be selected. It  
is understood that all the candidates fa-  
vor a fairly early date.

The interminable Norfolk county fac-  
tion fight will come up. That is now  
certain. The clans are gathering for the  
fray, which as usual promises to be bit-  
ter and stubbornly contested. The fusion  
faction, as it is known, will appear this  
time as a supplanter. The straightouts,  
as they are now known, are now the  
regulars, having been given color of regu-  
larity by the last preceding State Central  
Committee, which was dominated by the  
faction with which Governor Montague is  
supposed to be allied. The fusion fac-  
tion, which has been reorganized, this be-  
ing done at the State Convention in this  
city last summer.

## Norfolk County Primary.

The question that will be presented for  
the consideration of the State Commit-  
tee concerns the primary in Norfolk county.  
The fusion faction, which is variously known,  
will appear before the committee and  
make formal request that a primary be  
held in that county under the auspices of  
the State Central Committee. It will be in-  
sisted that a fair election may be insured. It  
will be charged that the present Norfolk  
County Committee will not guarantee a  
fair election. The petitioners will be ar-  
med with a petition signed by 1,500 of the  
county, asking that the State  
Central Committee take charge of the  
primary in the county and thus settle  
once and for all the long continued  
factional wrangle in Norfolk county. The  
fusion faction will insist that the State  
Central Committee has no authority for the  
statement as to the petition. Factional lines  
have been so sharply drawn in the county  
that bloodshed has sometimes been narrowly  
averted. Hundreds of columns of news  
have been written about the controversy  
and intense feeling has been aroused.  
Each side has freely charged the other  
with fraud and all manner of misconduct.

Already the clans are gathering for the  
battle to-day, and large reinforcements  
will arrive to-day on both sides. Up to  
last night Mr. J. L. Heard was the only  
representative of the straightouts on the  
ground. For the other side, the peti-  
tioners in the cases, Captain Richard C.  
Cromwell and Mr. George Lindsay, all of  
Norfolk county. It is understood that  
ten members of the Owens or fusion  
county committee will be here to-day,  
and it is expected that a large delegation  
of the regular committee or straightouts  
will arrive also.

An interesting report in circulation last  
night was that Congressman Carter Glass,  
a formidable champion of the straight-  
outs, would arrive here to-day, and that  
he would probably have the word of  
this matter come up. Mr. Glass is  
known as a powerful debater and an im-  
passioned and bold speaker. The other  
side has some equally bold and im-  
passioned, and it is not unlikely that an  
interesting situation will develop.

## Will Surprise Many.

What the action of the committee will  
be cannot be foretold, without knowl-  
edge of the proposition to be advanced  
or of the evidence, pro or con. The mat-  
ter has not been discussed, and will come  
up unexpectedly to the majority of the  
committee, it is believed. All factions  
profess an earnest desire to be rid of  
this perpetual snarl that has subjected  
past committees to so much annoyance  
and inconvenience.

Members of the State Central Com-  
mittee are already gathering in the city.  
Major George M. Heims, of Franklin,  
has been here several days. Dr. George  
W. Bates, of the Second District, arrived  
yesterday and is at the Richmond.  
Former Lieutenant-Governor Edward  
Rehols, a member from the Tenth Dis-  
trict, came in yesterday and is at Mur-  
phy's. Mr. A. A. Campbell, of Ninth  
District member, is expected to arrive  
to-day. Mr. Murphy's, Congressman  
James Hay, of Madison county, a member  
of the State Executive Committee, ar-  
rived yesterday and is at the Richmond.  
Former Senator Thomas N. Williams,  
of Mecklenburg, a member from the Fourth  
District, is at Murphy's. Four members  
reside in the city or the adjoining county.  
There is every prospect that there will  
be a large attendance. The use of proxies  
is no longer allowed.

This will be the first meeting of the new  
State Committee and it will present  
many new faces. Twenty-six new mem-  
bers have been chosen since the meeting  
of the old committee.

There will be a vacancy in the First  
District delegation, owing to the death  
of Hon. Lloyd T. Smith, and it is possible  
that Hon. A. P. Thomsen has been re-  
moved from the State, may retire from the  
executive committee.

## POINTER ON THE WEATHER



Richmond's weather was clear and  
warm. Range of the thermometer:  
8 A. M. 75 6 P. M. 78  
12 M. 75 9 P. M. 77  
3 P. M. 79 12 midnight 70  
Average 75  
Highest temperature yesterday 80  
Lowest temperature yesterday 70  
Mean temperature yesterday 75  
Normal temperature for June 75  
Departure from normal temperature .06

MINIATURE ALMANAC.  
June 15, 1905.  
Sun rises 4:49 HIGH TIDE 12:38  
Sun sets 7:51 Morning 6:23  
Moon sets 3:23 Evening 3:12

## AMERICAN FLAG OVER MEN IN GRAY

Stars and Stripes Pre-  
dominate in Decora-  
tions in Louisville.

## GREAT REUNION HAS NOW BEGUN

Appeal to Men for Assistance in  
Erecting Davis Monument.  
Leaders Get Loud Applause.  
Speech By Lee—Dr. James  
Mookes's Blessing for  
the President.

(By Associated Press.)  
LOUISVILLE, KY., June 14.—For the  
second time in five years, the United  
Confederate Veterans and auxiliary or-  
ganizations gathered in Louisville for  
their annual reunion, their reception to-  
day under a blazing sun and with miles  
of brilliant bunting flying in the breeze  
being in strong contrast to the weather  
conditions of five years ago when record-  
breaking rains prevailed during the en-  
tire period of the reunion, and even  
caused a postponement of the parade on  
the last day. The decorations this year  
are on a lavish scale, and it is remarked  
that the American flag predominates.  
The reunion was officially opened short-  
ly after the noon hour, when General Ben-  
nett H. Young, commander of the Ken-  
tucky division, called the inspiring mass  
of humanity in the horse show building  
to order and introduced the Chaplain-  
General, J. William Jones, of Richmond,  
Va. Dr. Jones, in his invocation, prayed  
that the blessing of Almighty God may  
rest upon the President of these United  
States, and "that he may be enabled to  
be the President of this whole country  
and every section."  
A few moments later, Governor J. C.  
W. Beckham, in speaking of Kentucky's  
welcome to the old men in gray, said:  
"It is fitting that you should meet  
here, on the borderland of the great  
struggle, where we were so torn asunder.  
The great contest has been settled for  
all time. Peace has her advocates as well  
as war."  
"It is now gratifying to us all that  
there is but one flag. In tender mem-  
ory we have laid away the Stars and  
Bars, and we rejoice that we have the  
same flag that floated over us before the  
war."

## Loud Cheers for Leaders.

A rousing reception was given the  
commander-in-chief, General Stephen D.  
Lee, when he arose to respond for the  
veterans to the addresses of welcome.  
The general was in splendid voice.  
The great contest had been settled for  
all time. Peace has her advocates as well  
as war.

Cheers were given the few remaining  
great figures of the Confederacy, as

(Continued on Second Page.)

## GOVERNMENT MAY PROSECUTE MORTON

President Said to Have Told De-  
partment It May Now Go  
Ahead.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—The  
interesting statement is made to-day by  
a man who knows what goes on at the  
White House that the President said  
yesterday that he had not the slightest  
objection to the prosecution of the Hon-  
orable Paul Morton, after that gentleman has  
retired from the post of Secretary of the  
Navy. Mr. Morton admitted to the In-  
terstate Commerce Commission that the  
railway vice-president of the Santa Fe  
Railway, he had allowed rebates to the  
Colorado Fuel Company.

After Judge Harman and Mr. Judson  
had investigated this matter for the De-  
partment of Justice, they are understood  
to have recommended the indictment of  
Secretary Morton. It is said the Presi-  
dent objected to the prosecution of a  
cabinet official. He may have known  
of the contemplated retirement of Mr.  
Morton. At any rate, the story is to-day  
that the President has told the depart-  
ment it may go ahead.

Mr. Judson and Mr. Harman are un-  
derstood to have retired from the ser-  
vice of the department because of the  
refusal to prosecute Mr. Morton.



JUST A LITTLE PRACTICE, THAT'S ALL.

## BANKERS MEET IN CONVENTION

Twelfth Annual Gathering of the  
Virginia Association to Be  
Its Greatest.

## MANY VERY FINE ADDRESSES

Body Sits for Two Days at the  
Richmond, Then Goes  
to Old Point.

The twelfth annual convention of the  
Virginia Bankers' Association will begin  
at 9:30 A. M. to-day in the assembly room  
of the Hotel Richmond, and will be in  
every respect the greatest and most in-  
teresting ever held. More Virginia bank-  
ers will be present, more prominent bank-  
ers from other States will attend and  
more elaborate than ever before.  
A most prominent man in attendance  
on the body will be Hon. Leslie M. Shaw,  
Secretary of the United States Treas-  
ury, and a brilliant authority on finance.  
Prominent Georgia and Carolina bankers  
and many from New York, Philadelphia  
and Baltimore are expected to attend  
and several will make addresses. The as-  
sociation will sit in this city to-day and  
to-morrow, and on Saturday morning will  
go to Old Point, and there board a steam-  
er, holding its closing session on the  
water. A banquet will be tendered the  
visitors at the Masonic Temple on Fri-  
day evening at 8 o'clock.  
Mr. W. M. Hablston, of this city,  
president of the National Bank of Vir-  
ginia, is president of the association, and  
has done much to insure the pleasure of  
the visitors, and, indeed, to build up  
the association. Mr. N. P. Gatling, of  
Lynchburg, secretary of the association,  
without invidious distinction, deserves  
and will be accorded great credit for  
having aroused the general interest of  
Virginia bankers in the value of the as-  
sociation, and enlisted their active co-  
operation in making it of great practical  
value to the vocation. For years the  
association had but a small membership,  
but by active agitation of the value of  
such organization to all similar insti-  
tutions, the bankers of the smaller towns  
and of the rural sections were enlisted,  
and are now among the most enthusias-  
tic members.

## Many Are Coming.

It is expected that fully two hundred  
and fifty bankers will attend the meeting  
here, and these, with about fifty ladies,  
who will accompany members, will make

(Continued on Twelfth Page.)

## RICHMOND MAY BE HOME FOR PARLIAMENT

Next Session Likely to Be Held  
Here—Permanent Meet-  
ing Place.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—If  
Richmond will agree to defray the ex-  
penses of the session of the Southern  
Industrial Parliament, to be held next Oc-  
tober, it will be held in Richmond. This  
statement is based upon information ob-  
tained from the secretary of the parlia-  
ment, which was organized here last  
month. Atlanta made a bid for the con-  
vention, and the Chamber of Commerce  
agreed to pay the expenses of the ses-  
sion, which were estimated at one thou-  
sand dollars. It was thought that At-  
lanta would be the meeting place, which  
is fixed by the executive committee, but  
it seems that the Georgia metropolis is  
slow about coming up with the money.  
Chairman of the executive committee,  
which is to fix the meeting place, he  
has declared for Richmond, and it is  
stated that a majority of the committee  
wants Richmond selected as the place  
of meeting. It is the intention to make  
the meeting place the permanent home  
of the parliament, and a bureau, with  
one or two men in charge will be estab-  
lished in the city selected as headquar-  
ters. The object of the association is to  
encourage immigration to the Southern  
States, and the investment of capital in  
the South.

## TORPEDO ATTACK HOURLY EXPECTED

Seven Warships Located By  
Scout Boat Ten Miles From  
Bug Light.

## FORTS READY FOR APPROACH

Monitor Carrying Naval Re-  
serves Fast Aground—Attack  
on Baltimore Repulsed.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch by Wireless)  
TUG RENO, CHESAPEAKE BAY, June 15.—130 A. M.—Seven war-  
ships have been located ten miles  
from Bug Light. The scout boat  
Reno, which was stationed at the light,  
reported that the fleet was in the bay  
in the direction of the enemy.

A. P.

(Special From Staff Correspondent.)  
FORT MONROE, VA., June 14.—Mid-  
night.—At a late hour to-night there were  
no indications of the presence of Admiral  
Dickins's fleet in this vicinity and at  
headquarters it was stated that no in-  
formation as to its whereabouts had come  
to hand for some hours.  
The night is very clear with the moon  
shining brightly and this may have the  
effect of preventing the attack which has  
been expected at day. The searchlights  
are in operation as usual and everything  
is in readiness for an immediate call to  
arms in the event of an attack.  
Some of the small vessels of the fleet  
were reported in the Potomac this eve-  
ning and it is stated that they made an  
unsuccessful attempt to cut the cable  
connections in the Potomac close to Forts  
Hunt and Washington.

## PURITAN AGROUND.

All Efforts to Float Ship Unsuc-  
cessful—Carried Reserves.

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—The  
monitor Puritan is reported to be hard  
aground off Point Lookout in the Po-  
tomac. She has on board the naval re-  
serves of the District of Columbia, and  
has participated in the maneuvers last  
night against Forts Washington and  
Hunt. All efforts for two days to float  
the ship have so far proved unsuccessful.

## FLEET BEATEN BACK.

Second Attack on the Baltimore  
Fortifications Comes to Grief.

(By Associated Press.)  
BALTIMORE, MD., June 14.—Another  
attack was made on the Baltimore fortifi-  
cations early this morning, this time by  
the cruisers of Admiral Dickins's fleet,  
the Newark and Atlanta, with the as-  
sistance of the gunboat Sylvia, with the  
members of the Maryland naval militia  
on board.

The guns of the forts poured in a with-  
ering fire on the advancing vessels, and  
in a few minutes the Atlanta sent up a  
red rocket, which those on shore took for  
a signal of surrender. The other two  
vessels continued their efforts to get past  
the forts, but were beaten back.

## SAILED DOWN STREAM.

(By Associated Press.)  
FORT HUNT, VA., June 14.—The ships  
of Admiral Dickins's fleet, which at-  
tacked the defenses of Washington last  
night, lay at anchor above the fortifica-  
tions early this morning, when they  
sailed down stream, one by one, exactly in the order they  
had ascended. No demonstration was  
made before the forts, and the ships soon  
disappeared around Marshall's Point and  
into the lower Potomac.

It is reported that the guns are to  
be replaced by range finders, and that  
similar orders were to be issued regard-  
ing other battleships. The victory of  
Admiral Togo in the battle of the Sea  
of Japan is said to have influenced the  
decision to put range finders in place of  
the one pointers which have occupied the  
tops. The fate of the battle was decided  
by the superiority of the work of the  
Japanese gunners, while the ships were  
still at long range. The department was  
informed that the aim of the Japa-  
nese gunners was due to the efficiency  
of the men with the range finders, whom  
the Japanese had placed in the fighting  
tops and were able to "pick up" the  
Russian ships at a far greater distance  
than the Russians could locate the  
Japanese.

20 WANT HELP  
TO-DAY.  
The 20 advertisements for help pub-  
lished in to-day's Times-Dispatch on  
page 10 are as follows:  
13 Trades. 4 Miscellaneous.  
1 Salesman. 2 Agents.

This not only interest those out of  
work, but those desiring to improve  
their positions as well.

## TOBACCO TRUST SECRETARY HELD

Refuse to Produce Pa-  
pers and Was Fined  
for Contempt.

## TAFT ALLEGES BIG CONSPIRACY

Charges Compact With Imperial  
Tobacco Company of Great  
Britain to Modify and Re-  
strain Trade—Case to Be  
Taken To United States  
Supreme Court.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, June 14.—William H.  
McAllister, secretary of the American  
Tobacco Company, was adjudged guilty  
of contempt in the United States Circuit  
Court for having refused to answer ques-  
tions before the Federal grand jury in  
connection with the investigation of the  
so-called tobacco trust.

McAllister was asked questions con-  
cerning the business affairs of his com-  
pany, and was served with a subpoena  
requiring him to produce papers and  
contracts covering the export business  
of the American Tobacco Company. Upon  
the advice of his counsel he not only de-  
clined to answer the questions, but to  
produce the papers asked for, taking  
the ground that he was protected by his  
constitutional rights. He was then taken  
before Judge Lacombe, in the United  
States Circuit Court, found guilty of con-  
tempt and fined \$5. Judge Lacombe also  
ordered that McAllister be taken into  
custody by United States Marshal Henkel  
until such time as he purges himself of  
the contempt by answering the questions  
and producing the books and papers. An  
application for a writ of habeas corpus  
was denied.

McAllister then was taken before  
United States Commissioner Shilde,  
where he was furnished \$1,000 bail for his  
appearance pending an appeal to the  
United States Supreme Court. The  
higher court will be asked to pass upon  
the constitutionality of the points at  
issue, which really involves the right of  
the Federal grand jury to conduct its  
investigation under the Sherman anti-  
trust law.

Alleged Conspiracy.  
Assistant United States District At-  
torney Henry W. Taft, who is conducting  
the investigation, informed Mr. McAllis-  
ter, so the papers in the case say, that  
the American Tobacco Company, through  
its agents, had conspired with the  
Imperial Tobacco Company, of Great  
Britain, to modify and restrain trade in  
leaf, chewing and smoking tobacco and  
cigarettes.

Mr. McAllister was asked to produce  
contracts, alleged to have been made in  
England on September 27, 1902, between  
the Ogdens Company (limited), the Con-  
tinental Tobacco Company, the American  
Cigar Company, the Consolidated Tobacco  
Company, the British Tobacco Company  
and the Imperial Tobacco Company, by  
which agreements, it was claimed,  
the corporations named sought  
to control and restrain the export to-  
bacco trade. An agreement in connec-  
tion with the tobacco trade of the United  
Kingdom also was asked for, as well as  
a third series of agreements of contracts  
executed in London before the then  
United States Consul-General, H. Clay  
Evans, on the same date, between the  
companies named and Williamson,  
Whitehead, Fuller and Jones (bankrupt).  
The latter agreement, it was alleged,  
also was connected with the attempt on  
the part of the corporations named to  
control and restrain the export trade in  
the class of tobacco specified, between  
this country and Great Britain.

## LADY SACRIFICED HER LIFE FOR HER PET DOG

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
LYNCHBURG, VA., June 14.—Mrs.  
Lucy Pickett while trying to save a pet  
dog from being killed by a fast vegetable  
train on the Southern this evening, a  
short distance from the city, ran upon  
the track directly in front of the train  
and was instantly killed. Her body was  
horribly mangled, and Mrs. Pickett was  
dead when the train was brought to a  
standstill. The county coroner was not-  
ified, but when he investigated the cir-  
cumstances of the death decided that no  
inquest was necessary. The dead wo-  
man is about fifty-one years of age  
and her husband is in Ohio.

## BANK NOTES LIE AROUND LOOSE IN GATE CITY

Many Picked Up and No One is  
Known to Have Lost  
Any Money.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
GATE CITY, VA., June 14.—The peo-  
ple of this place are considerably mysti-  
fied by the fact that a number of bank  
notes have been found on the streets  
at different places and by different per-  
sons within the past few days. A little  
negro found two new ten dollar bills, one  
on each of the Gate City banks, near  
the depot, and not knowing what they  
were, tore them into small bits. The  
pieces were put together, and they were  
redeemed.

A merchant found two ten dollar bills,  
and a young gentleman of the town  
found fifteen dollars. One lady found  
five dollars and another lady three dol-  
lars on the sidewalk. The mystery about  
it is that no one claims to have lost  
any money.

M. D. Mann, who has been conducting  
a small mercantile business a few miles  
from Gate City, has for the past few days  
been selling for almost nothing. Sunday  
he sold all day, and before light Mon-  
day morning left in a wagon for Ken-  
tucky. It is claimed he owes nearly a  
thousand dollars to the wholesale men  
of Bristol.

## OYAMA THREATENS GENERAL ATTACK; PARLEY STILL ON

Negotiations for Peace  
In Far East Now Near-  
ing Focus.

## DANGER OF BATTLE TO HASTEN TRUCE

Japanese Armies Preparing to  
Strike—Linevitch Also  
Active.

## SENSATIONAL INTERVIEW WITH WITTE PUBLISHED

Affairs of State Going From Bad  
to Worse President of Ministers  
Says—Japan Objects to Paris  
and Washington May Be  
Chosen—New Com-  
plication.

(By Associated Press.)  
GUNSHU, P. S. S. MANCHURIA,  
June 14.—The Japanese have forced  
the advanced posts of the Russian  
left beyond the Kao Che River, and  
are occupying the heights north of  
the river. A heavy force seems to  
be behind this movement. Field  
Marshal Oyama is ready for a gen-  
eral offensive.

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, June 15.—The Japanese  
correspondent of the Daily Telegraph  
at Moji, Japan, says:

"The rainy season has started in  
Manchuria, and the Japanese are  
in a desperate mood, but this will not in-  
terfere with military operations, glad  
tidings of which may be expected  
within a few days."

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, June 15.—Gradually  
the negotiations for peace in the Far  
East are nearing a focus. The one point  
to which the energies of those directly  
concerned in them now are being directed  
is the choice of a place for the holding  
of the conference of plenipotentiaries  
of the belligerent powers. It is  
known officially that three cities now are  
under consideration by Russia and Japan.  
These cities, named in the order of the  
likelihood of their final selection, are  
Washington, the Hague and Geneva.

Thus far, no decision has been reached.  
Paris and London have been eliminated  
from the equation. It is understood that  
the Russian government objects to any  
Atlantic city, its preference being for some  
European capital. After objecting to the  
holding of the conference in Paris, the  
Japanese government expressed a willing-  
ness to consider other places which af-  
forded adequate facilities, although it is  
assured that Japan's preference would  
be some Far Eastern city, practically  
within the theatre of war.

Finally, however, the selection seems  
to have narrowed down to the three  
cities named. Objections have been made  
by the Japanese to The Hague, but it  
is not believed these objections are fun-  
damental or unalterable.

However, as the situation now is,  
Washington appears to be the city most  
likely to be selected. It can be said  
on authority that if the conference is  
held in the United States, it will be in  
Washington. No other place in this  
country has been considered seriously.

After the selection of the place of the  
plenipotentiaries, the two governments  
will name those who are to represent  
them at the conference. Then an armis-  
tice between the contending armies in  
the field will be arranged, and, pending  
the result of the peace conference, the  
great armies facing each other in Man-  
churia will lie on their arms, awaiting  
the final signal from their governments.

## DIPLOMATS ARE MUCH ENCOURAGED

Reassured By Lamsdorff in St.  
Petersburg—Oyama Threat-  
ening General Engagement.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, June 15.—1:30 A. M.  
Every foreign minister and ambassador  
now in St. Petersburg attended a re-  
ception given by Foreign Minister Lam-  
sdorff yesterday afternoon. Several dip-  
lomats who have been here since the  
unpleasantness earlier in the day over the  
concluding clauses of the Russian foreign  
office's communication to the Gazette  
(saying the imperial government has "no  
objection in principle to the meeting of  
plenipotentiaries proposed by President  
Roosevelt" "If the Japanese government  
expresses a desire therefor") were reas-  
sured after talking with the foreign min-  
ister and learning that the communica-  
tion did not reproduce the exact text of  
the note.

The Foreign Office is in constant com-  
munication with Count Cassini, the am-  
bassador at Washington, but beyond the  
statement that nothing has been ar-  
ranged, it vouchsafes no information. The  
chances of the meeting's taking place in  
the United States, however, seemed to  
have vanished. As announced in the As-  
sociated Press dispatches Sunday the  
choice of Russia as Paris, but if Paris  
should not be acceptable to Japan, Rus-  
sia is disposed to the selection of The  
Hague.

The principal objection to Manchuria  
is the time which would be necessary to  
get the negotiators to the scene. It is  
understood that the first task of the  
plenipotentiaries will be the conclusion  
of a limited armistice. This must come  
soon in order to avoid a general engage-  
ment, which reports from the front indi-

The most notable incident of Wagner's Re-  
opening Sale is the compliments we have on our  
stock being as much superior in quality to what  
they have been for some time. This is in no sense of the word a cut-rate sale. It is  
a general reduction on our entire stock of  
select drug store goods.